## Exercise 33

Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve at the given point.

$$y = \ln(x^2 - 3x + 1),$$
 (3,0)

## Solution

The aim is to find the slope of the tangent line at x = 3, so start by taking the derivative of the function with respect to x by using the chain rule.

$$y' = \frac{d}{dx} \ln(x^2 - 3x + 1)$$
  
=  $\frac{1}{x^2 - 3x + 1} \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(x^2 - 3x + 1)$   
=  $\frac{1}{x^2 - 3x + 1} \cdot (2x - 3)$   
=  $\frac{2x - 3}{x^2 - 3x + 1}$ 

Set x = 3 to get y'(3).

$$y'(3) = \frac{2(3) - 3}{(3)^2 - 3(3) + 1} = \frac{3}{1} = 3$$

Then use the point-slope formula to get the equation of the tangent line.

$$y - 0 = y'(3)(x - 3)$$
  
 $y - 0 = 3(x - 3)$   
 $y = 3x - 9$ 

